Ballaugh Parish Commissioners Statement of accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Contents	Page
Members, Officers and Advisors	1
Explanatory Foreword	2
Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts	3
Independent Chartered Accountant's Assurance Review Report	4-5
Statement on Internal Control	6-7
Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	8
Statement of Movement on Reserves	9-10
Balance Sheet	11
Cash Flow Statement	12
Statement of Accounting Policies	13-17
Significant Judgements and Estimates	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19-24

Members, Officers and Advisers

for the year ended 31 March 2023

Ballaugh Parish Commissioners 10 Faaie Craine Ballaugh Isle of Man IM7 5AD

Clerk and Responsible Financial Officer: Mrs Angela Done

Board Members to March 2023:

Chairman: Steven Curphey

Also a member of the Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board

Vice-chairman: Liza Nicholson

Also a member of the Northern Civic Amenity Site Committee

Members: Rachel Andrew – resigned March 2023

Also a member of the Northern Local Authorities Swimming Pool Board

Robert Perry - appointed October 2021

Also a member of the Northern Housing Shared List Committee

Paul Weatherall - resigned March 2023

Also a member of the Northern Community Policing Partnership

Following the resignations of R. Andrew and P. Weatherall in March 2023, the Board operated with a quorum of three members until the appointment of Stephen Smith on 19 April 2023.

Board Members from April 2023:

Chairman: Steven Curphey

Also a member of the Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board

Vice-chairman: Liza Nicholson

Also a member of the Northern Civic Amenity Site Committee

Members: Robert Perry

Also a member of the Northern Housing Shared List Committee

Stephen Smith – appointed April 2023

Accounts prepared by: Suntera Accounting & Tax Ltd

Peveril Buildings, Peveril Square Douglas, Isle of Man IM99 1RZ

Assurance Review

conducted by: Crowe Isle of Man LLC

Victory House, Prospect Hill Douglas, Isle of Man IM1 1EQ

Explanatory Foreword

for the year ended 31 March 2023

Authority's objectives

The objectives of the Authority are to provide and improve facilities within the Parish, whilst maintaining value for money for the ratepayers. Providing advice and assistance to residents and local groups when required.

Overall financial performance and results for the year

The income and expenditure account for the year shows a surplus of £43 (2022; surplus £3,200). Once other movements have been taken into account, as detailed below, the results show an overall decrease in the General Fund Balance of £29,509 (2022; increase £7,618).

Finances

The Commissioners continue to invest in the improvement of facilities in the village.

Significant achievements

The Commissioners are pleased to have progressed the refurbishment of the public toilet facilities in the village within budget. They have plans for improvements to the Parish Hall and playground which will benefit many residents.

In conjunction with Manx Utilities Authority, an EV charging point has been installed.

Issues likely to shape future performance

Cost increases across the board relating to services and utilities will make the next 12 months difficult. The Commissioners will have to budget carefully in order to maintain high standards and deliver value for money on any projects.

Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023

The Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its
 officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs through the appointment of a
 Responsible Financial Officer;
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets; and
- approve the Statement of Accounts.

The Responsible Financial Officer's responsibilities

The Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts.

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer has:

- · selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently; and
- · made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent.

The Responsible Financial Officer has also:

- · kept proper accounting records which were up to date; and
- taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Chartered Accountants' Assurance Review Report to The Members of Ballaugh Parish Commissioners

We have reviewed the statement of accounts of Ballaugh Parish Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the comprehensive income and expenditure statement, the statement of movement on reserves, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Responsible Financial Officer's responsibility for the statement of accounts

As explained more fully in the Responsible Financial Officer's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the statement of accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Accountants' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the statement of accounts. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2400 (Revised), Engagements to review historical financial statements and ICAEW Technical Release TECH 09/13AAF (Revised) Assurance review engagements on historical financial statements. ISRE 2400 (Revised) requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the statement of accounts, taken as a whole, are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. ISRE 2400 (Revised) also requires us to comply with the ICAEW Code of Ethics and the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applicable,

Scope of the assurance review

A review of the statement of accounts in accordance with ISRE 2400 (Revised) is a limited assurance engagement. We have performed additional procedures to those required under a compilation engagement. These primarily consist of making enquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, applying analytical procedures and evaluating the evidence obtained. The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK). Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these statement of accounts.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements have not been prepared:

- so as to give a true and fair view of the state of the Authority's affairs as at 31 March 2023, and
 of its results for the year then ended;
- in accordance with any regulations under Section 12 and any directions, as applicable, under Section 13 of the Audit Act 2006; and
- in accordance with any other statutory provisions applicable to them.

Independent Chartered Accountants' Assurance Review Report to The Members of Ballaugh Parish Commissioners - continued

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Authority's members, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 28 September 2023. Our review has been undertaken so that we may state to the Authority's members those matters we have agreed with them in our engagement letter and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority and the Authority's members, as a body for our work, for this report or the conclusions we have formed.

Crowne Isle of Man UC

Crowe Isle of Man LLC
Chartered Accountants
6th Floor, Victory House
Prospect Hill
Douglas
Isle of Man
IM1 1EQ

Date 31st October 2023

Statement of Internal Control

for the year ended 31 March 2023

Introduction

Regulation 6 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2018 requires the Authority to conduct a review at least once a year of the effectiveness of its systems of internal control and include a statement on internal control within the Authority's statement of accounts.

This statement is made by the Ballaugh Parish Commissioners to the Isle of Man Government Treasury in accordance with the requirements of the Isle of Man Government's Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct ("the Code").

Responsibilities of the Authority and the Responsible Financial Officer

The Authority controls strategy, policy and key financial and operational matters within the organisation. In addition, it is the Authority's responsibility to ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Authority.

The Authority is responsible for implementing and maintaining systems of internal control and corporate governance which:

- ensure compliance with legislation and other regulations;
- safeguard public money, ensure that it is properly accounted for and that it is used economically, efficiently and effectively; and
- support the achievement of the strategy, policies, aims and objectives approved by the Authority.

In discharging this responsibility, the Authority works with senior officers to put in place arrangements for the governance of the Authority's affairs and the stewardship of resources, in accordance with the Code.

Internal control and corporate governance environment

The Authority's systems of internal control and corporate governance have been developed through an on-going process designed to identify the principal risks, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The following are considered to be key aspects of the internal control and corporate governance environment:

• Authority's corporate governance framework

A corporate governance framework has been developed which documents the Authority's policies and procedures in relation to community focus, performance management, internal control, risk management, delegated authority, human resources management, standards of conduct and management of Health & Safety and the environment. The framework provides a structure for documenting the legislation, regulations, policies, procedures and other internal controls which, when taken together, form the Authority's internal control and corporate governance environment.

Authority meetings

The Authority meets monthly and consists of a Chairman and 4 other Authority members. The Authority receive reports from the Authority's Officers on operational matters and ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Authority.

Statement of Internal Control (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2023

Review of internal control and corporate governance environment

Signed Signed Signed Responsible Financial Officer

The effectiveness of the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements is

Dated 30 10 23

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

_	Notes	2022/23	2021/22
Income		£	£
Village Hall Hire		1,110	1,645
Release of deferred grant		3,212	3,212
Search Fees		1,325	1,400
		5,647	6,257
Expenditure			
Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board		76,244	75,960
Parish hall		5,975	4,579
Northern Civic Amenity Site		23,080	24,360
Clerk's salary		13,740	10,812
Depreciation		6,127	7,630
Grass cutting and gardening		3,975	5,123
Millennium park and sports field		2,520	1,315
Street lighting		5,902	7,487
Local highway services		10,454	8,684
Public conveniences		4,292	5,082
Dog bins and litter collection		4,680	3,955
Rate collection charges		2,837	2,262
NLA Swimming Pool Board – contribution		2,113	1,800
Insurance		2,044	2,441
Accountancy fee		1,244	2,475
Assurance fee		2,242	1,800
Election expenses		-	292
Office expenses		1,024	1,408
Miscellaneous		324	28
Bad debts written off/(back)		(126)	(2,121)
Bank charges		303	331
Public Christmas trees and decorations		164	146
Play park		2,745	1,424
Total Expenditure		(171,903)	(167,273)
Net operating expenditure		(166,256)	(161,016)
Income from general refuse rate fund	6	73,681	73,438
Income from general rate fund	5	92,618	90,778
meome from general rate fund	3	72,010	
		166,299	164,216
Other comprehensive income and		4.5	# #AC
expenditure		43	3,200
Revaluation adjustment		-	
Net surplus for the year		43	3,200
		\$ 	

Statement of Movement on Reserves

for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	General Fund £	Capital adjustment account £	Revaluation reserve
Total comprehensive				
income and expenditure		43	-	-
Depreciation and				
impairment of fixed assets	1	6,127	(4,154)	(1,973)
Deferred income released		(3,212)	3,212	-
Purchase of fixed assets		(32,467)	32,467	-
		(29,509)	31,525	(1,973)
Balance brought forward		88,275	40,356	51,621
Balance carried forward		58,766	71,881	49,648

Statement of Movement on Reserves

for the year ended 31 March 2022

	General Fund	Capital Adjustment Account	Revaluation reserve
	£	£	£
Total comprehensive			
income and expenditure	3,200	-	-
Depreciation and			
impairment of fixed assets	7,630	(5,657)	(1,973)
Deferred income released	(3,212)	3,212	-
	7,618	(2,445)	(1,973)
Balance brought forward	80,657	42,801	53,594
Balance carried forward	88,275	40,356	51,621

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2023

as at 31 March 2023					
	Notes		2023		2022
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	I		127,766		101,426
Current assets					
Debtors	2	34,947		32,172	
Cash at bank		33,955		69,990	
		68,902		102,162	
		00,702		102,102	
Current liabilities					
Creditors	3	(13,350)		(17,101)	
		(13,350)		(17,101)	
Net current assets			55,552		85,061
Long-term liabilities					
Deferred income	4		(3,023)		(6,235)
Total assets less liabilities			180,295		180,252
Reserves:					-
Capital adjustment account			71,881		40,356
Revaluation reserve			49,648		51,621
General fund			58,766		88,275
			180,295		180,252

The financial statements were approved by the Authority on 30/10/23 and were signed on their behalf by:

Chairman

RFO

Chairman .

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	£	2023 £	2022 £
Net (deficit)/surplus on provision of services Adjustments to net (deficit)/surplus on provision		43		3,200
of services for non-cash movements	10	(3,611)		(4,876)
Net cash flows from Operating Activities		S 	(3,568)	(1,676)
Net cash flows from Investing Activities	11	(32,467)		-
		0.	(32,467)	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			(36,035)	(1,676)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period			69,990	71,666
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period			33,955	69,990

Statement of Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 – 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102'), and with the Audit Act 2006 and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2018. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the modification to a fair value basis for certain land and buildings as specified in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£) to the nearest £.

2. Going concern

After reviewing the budget of the authority, the board have a reasonable expectation that the authority has adequate resources including the continuation of support from Central Government, to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The statement of accounts therefore continue to be prepared on a going concern basis.

3. Income

Rates receivable

Rates income for the year credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is the accrued income for the year, adjusted for discounts, exempt and uninhabitable properties.

4. Accruals of income and expenditure

The accounts of the Authority are maintained on an accruals basis: activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place not simply when cash payments are made or received.

5. Value Added Tax

Value Added Tax is included in income and expenditure accounts, whether of a capital or revenue nature, only to the extent that it is irrecoverable.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2023

6. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets have physical substance and are held by the Authority for the provision of services or for administrative purposes on a continuing basis.

(a) Recognition

Expenditure on the acquisition or creation of tangible fixed assets and subsequent expenditure that adds to, replaces part of, or services tangible fixed assets, is capitalised on an accruals basis where:

- It is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the Authority; and
- The cost can be measured reliably.

Expenditure that maintains but does not add to an asset's potential to deliver future economic benefits or service potential (e.g. repairs and maintenance) is charged as an expense to the relevant service when it is incurred.

(b) Measurement (Valuation Bases)

All assets are initially measured at cost. The initial cost includes all expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs are not capitalised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, assets are then carried on the Balance Sheet using the following measurement bases:

- Community assets depreciated historic cost and then revalued to nominal value.
- Land and buildings are measured at current value which is determined as the amount that would be paid for the asset in its existing use ("existing use value" – EUV).

Where there is no market-based evidence of current value because of the specialist nature of an asset, depreciated replacement cost (DRC) is used as an estimate.

(c) Revaluation

A class of assets included in the Balance Sheet at current value may be revalued on a rolling basis provided revaluation of the class of assets is completed within five years.

The valuations are undertaken with sufficient regularity to ensure that their carrying amount is not materially different from current value. All valuations are undertaken by a qualified valuer, using a professional valuer contracted to the Authority.

Short-life assets, such as vehicles and computer equipment are not revalued but are measured at depreciated historic cost as a proxy for fair value.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2023

6. Tangible fixed assets - continued

(c) Revaluation - continued

Increases in valuation are matched by credits to the Revaluation Reserve to recognise unrealised gains. When assets are subject to revaluation losses they are accounted for as follows:

- where there is a balance of revaluation gains for the asset in the Revaluation Reserve, the carrying amount of the asset is written down against that balance (up to the amount of the accumulated gains); or
- where there is no balance in the Revaluation Reserve or an insufficient balance, the carrying amount of the asset is written down against the relevant service line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

(d) Impairment

Assets are subject to an annual impairment review at the end of each financial year for evidence of reductions in value. Where indications exist and the reduction is material, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and, where this is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognised for the shortfall.

Where impairment losses are identified, they are accounted for as follows:

- where there is a balance of revaluation gains for the asset in the Revaluation Reserve, the carrying amount of the asset is written down against that balance (up to the amount of the accumulated gains); or
- where there is no balance in the Revaluation Reserve or an insufficient balance, the carrying amount of the asset is written down against the relevant service line(s) in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

Where an impairment loss is reversed subsequently, the reversal is credited to the relevant service line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, up to the amount of the original loss, adjusted for depreciation that would have been charged if the loss had not been recognised.

(e) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided for on all Tangible Fixed Assets by the systematic allocation of their depreciable amounts over their useful lives. An exception is made for assets without a determinable finite useful life (e.g. freehold land) and assets that are not yet available for use (i.e. assets under construction).

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis by allocating the cost (or re-valued amount) of the asset over the number of years that the asset is expected to be of useful benefit as follows:

LandNot depreciatedBuildings30 yearsOffice equipment5 yearsOther assets10 years

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

6. Tangible fixed assets - continued

(e) Depreciation - continued

The useful life of an asset is estimated on a realistic basis and is regularly reviewed as part of the revaluation process. Where the useful life of a fixed asset is revised, depreciation is charged over the revised life of the asset.

Revaluation gains are also depreciated, with an amount equal to the difference between current value depreciation charged on assets and the depreciation that would have been chargeable based on their historical cost being transferred each year from the Revaluation Reserve to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Where an item has major components whose cost is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset, the components are depreciated separately.

(f) Disposals

Income from the disposal of fixed assets is accounted for on an accruals basis. Capital receipts are held in the Usable Capital Receipts Reserve until such time as they are used to finance other capital expenditure, when they are credited to the Capital Adjustment Account.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are investments that mature in 3 months or less from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

8. Government Grants and Contributions

Government grants and other third party contributions / donations are accounted for on an accruals basis and recognised when the conditions attached to the payments have been met and there is reasonable assurance that they will be received.

Capital Grants

Amounts due as capital grants and contributions are credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement when the conditions attached to their receipt are satisfied. Amounts advanced for which conditions have not been satisfied are carried in the Balance Sheet as creditors. When conditions are satisfied, the grant or contribution is credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

Donations and grants toward the cost of capital assets are credited to deferred income, and released over the life of the asset to match the depreciation of the asset to which it relates.

9. Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2023

10. Creditors

Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

11. Reserves

Reserves include earmarked reserves set aside for specific policy purposes and balances which represent resources set aside for purposes such as general contingencies and cash flow management. The Authority maintains the following significant reserves:

General fund: set up to act as a buffer against the potential risks of increased expenditure to be charges to future years' accounts and to assist in organisational development.

The following reserves are not fully backed by cash, or generally available to finance expenditure:

Capital adjustment account: amounts set aside from capital receipts or revenue resources to finance expenditure on fixed assets or for the repayment of external loans and certain other capital financing transactions.

Revaluation Reserve: representing principally the balance of the surpluses or deficits arising on the periodic revaluation of fixed assets.

Significant Judgements and Estimates for the year ended 31 March 2023

Judgements

In applying the accounting policies set out above the Authority has had to make assumptions and form judgements about transactions which are complex in nature and where there is uncertainty about future events. The critical judgements made in the Statement of Accounts are as follows:

- The Authority operates a 5 year revaluation programme for assets held on the Balance Sheet at revalued amount. This means that not all assets are revalued formally every year. However a desktop review is undertaken of the assets that were not formally revalued during the year, taking into account factors such as changes to building cost indices since the asset's last revaluation and the impact of revaluations in the year for similar assets. As a result it is judged that the potential difference in value that would result from formal revaluation is not material in the context of the overall carrying value of the assets, and therefore the risk of material misstatement to the Balance Sheet is low.
- Property, Plant and Equipment assets are judged to be held for their service potential rather than
 future resale value and therefore the Authority does not allocate residual values to assets when
 calculating depreciation. This could lead to the potential overstatement of depreciation and the
 understatement of asset carrying values in the Balance Sheet. The calculation of depreciation,
 however, does not affect the amount to be collected from Government in terms of deficiency.
- The Authority has judged that amounts held on deposit or invested for periods of less than three
 months are sufficiently liquid as to be classed as cash equivalents. Judgement is also required
 as to whether the primary purpose of holding such investments is for meeting short term cash
 commitments (in which case the investment is classified as a cash equivalent) or for investment
 return (in which case the investment remains classified as a short term investment).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Tangible fixed assets

	Land & Buildings	Children's Recreational Equipment	Office Equipment	Public Furniture	Total
	£	3	£	£	£
Cost/valuation					
At 31 March 2022	131,686	28,703	630	4,381	165,400
Additions	31,555		912		32,467
At 31 March 2023	163,241	28,703	1,542	4,381	197,867
Depreciation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
At 31 March 2022	30,763	28,523	630	4,058	63,974
Charge for the year	5,442	180	182	323	6,127
At 31 March 2023	36,205	28,703	812	4,381	70,101
Net book value At 31 March 2023	127,036	-	730	_	127,766
At 31 March 2022	100,923	180		323	101,426

Operational land and buildings were valued with a valuation date of 31 March 2019. Asset valuations have been carried out in accordance with guidelines established by RICS. The valuation was carried out by Black Grace Cowley Ltd, R.I.C.S. Chartered Surveyors who are external to the entity.

Assets held	Number at 31 March 2022	Changes In year	Number at 31 March 2023
Operational assets:			
 Land and buildings 			
 Parish hall 			
improvements	1	-	1
 Public conveniences 	1	-	1
Community assets:			
 Land and buildings 			
 Goods shed 	1	-	1
Ballaugh Railway			
Station	1	-	1
Millennium			
monument and			
amenity area	1	-	1
Millennium park	1	-	1

The authority holds certain assets at a nominal amount. These assets are not included in the figures above.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Historical cost of revalued fixed assets

Included within the above are assets with a historical cost as follows:

Land and buildings - £74,203 (2022: £74,203).

2.]	Debtors	and	prepayments
-----	---------	-----	-------------

2. Debtors and prepayments	2022	2022
	2023	2022 £
Amounts falling due in one year (net of bad debt provisions):	£	L
Government departments	10,990	13,975
VAT	14,993	9,219
Ratepayers	5,845	6,174
Prepayments and accrued income	2,009	2,804
Other debtors	1,110	_
		-
	34,947	32,172
3		
Debtor balances are shown net of provisions for bad or doubtful debts as follows	5 :	
	2023	2022
	£	£
Ratepayers	4,011	3,040
3. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	2023 £	£ £
	<i>d</i> -	**
Accruals and deferred income	9,702	10,429
Trade creditors	548	•
Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board	3,100	6,672
	40.050	15.101
	13,350	17,101
•		
4. Creditors, amounts folling due after one year		
4. Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
	- ++4	
Deferred income	3,023	6,235

Deferred income relates to donations received in prior years of £32,119. The income has been deferred and will be released to the income and expenditure account over the useful economic life of the assets acquired.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

5. General Rate Account

5. General Rate Account				
	_	2023		2022
	£	£	£	£
Total rates levied for the year		95,904		93,968
Add:				
	8,397		3,488	
Due from Treasury re prior year	*		6,742	
Arrears brought forward	4,631		0,/42	
	-	12 030		10.220
Less:		13,028		10,230
Discounts	3,249		2,921	
Exempt and unoccupied properties	37		269	
Written (back)/off by Treasury	(585)		308	
Collection fee	1,529		1,223	
		(4,230)		(4,721)
Total rates collectable		104,702		99,477
Rates received in the year:	00.480		=0.400	
Current year rates	82,179		78,109	
Arrears collected	3,185		4,852	
Balance from Treasury re previous year	8,397		3,488	
Total rates received		93,761		86,449
I otal lates lectived		75,701		00,447
Balances outstanding carried forward:				
Due from Treasury re current year	6,050		8,397	
Arrears:	-			
- Current year	2,860		3,048	
- Previous year	2,031		1,583	
		10,941		13,028
		3 X		
		104,702		99,477
			2023	2022
			£	£
General rates levied for the year			95,904	93,968
Less: Discounts, exempt/uninhabitable prope	rties & refunds		(3,286)	(3,190)
				
Per Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	e Statement		92,618	90,778

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

6. E	tefuse	Rate	Account
------	--------	------	---------

o. Refuse Rate Account		2022		2022
	£	2023	£	2022
Refuse rates levied for the year	£	£ 76,244	r.	£ 75,960
rectase taxes to real for the year		70,2-1-1		75,500
Add:				
Due from Treasury re prior year	5,578		2,250	
Arrears brought forward	4,583		5,074	
-				
		10,161		7,324
Less:				
Discounts	2,579		2,327	
Exempt and unoccupied properties	(16)		195	
Written (back)/off by Treasury	(512)		276	
Collection fee	1,307		1,039	
		(3,358)		(3,837)
		00.045		70.447
Total rates collectable		83,047		79,447
Rates received in the year:				B
Current year rates	64,449		63,695	
Arrears collected	3,115		3,341	
Balance from Treasury re previous year	5,578		2,250	
	-		X	
Total refuse rates received		73,142		69,286
Balances outstanding carried forward:				
Due from Treasury re current year	4,941		5,578	
Arrears:	•		-	
- Current year	2,984		3,126	
- Previous year	1,980		1,457	
		0.005		10.171
		9,905		10,161
		83,047		79,447
			2023	2022
			£	£
Refuse rates levied for the year			76,244	75,960
Less: Discounts, exempt/uninhabitable properties & refunds			(2,563)	(2,522)
				:
Per Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement			73,681	73,438

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

7. Members' allowances

During the year the Members did not receive any remuneration in respect of their attendance at meetings, undertaking duties and responsibilities (2022: £Nil).

8. Employees' remuneration

The authority has no employees whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, was £50,000 or more (2022; None).

9. Related party transactions

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties – bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence or to be controlled or influenced by the Authority. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Authority might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

Central Government - has a direct influence over the general operations of the Authority - it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Authority operates. The Authority reclaimed VAT from Treasury during the year. During the year the Authority paid rate collection charges to Central Government of £2,837 (2022: £2,262).

The Authority has representation on the board of the Northern Civic Amenity Site Board. During the year the Authority provided support to the Northern Civic Amenity Site Board totalling £23,080 (2022: £24,360).

The Authority has representation on the board of the Northern Local Authorities Swimming Pool Board. During the year the Authority provided support to the Northern Local Authorities Swimming Pool Board totalling £2,113 (2022: £1,800). At the balance sheet date the Authority owed £392 (2022: £Nil) to the Northern Local Authorities Swimming Pool Board.

The Authority is charged for refuse collection by the Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board. During the year the Authority was charged £76,244 by the Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board in respect of refuse collection (2022: £75,960). At the balance sheet date the Authority owed £3,100 (2022: £6,672) to the Northern Parishes Refuse Collection Board.

During the year the Authority paid £6,851 to the Manx Utilities Authority in respect of electricity charges, water charges and public lighting maintenance (2022: £7,511). At the balance sheet date the Authority owed £155 (2022: £Nil) to the Manx Utilities Authority.

All Members and officers of the Authority are asked to complete a disclosure statement in respect of themselves and their family members/close relatives, detailing any material transactions with related parties. With the exception of the above disclosures:

Officers of the Authority - no related party disclosures arose in relation to officers.

Members of the Authority – no related party transactions arose in relation to members of the Authority.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2023

10. Cash flow statement - Operating activities

The following table provides a breakdown of the main elements within the adjustment for the non-cash movements figure shown in the cash flow statement:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation, impairment & revaluation losses for non-current assets	6,127	7,630
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(3,751)	2,354
Increase in debtors	(2,775)	(11,648)
Release of deferred grant	(3,212)	(3,212)
	(3,611)	(4,876)
11. Cash flow statement – Investing activities		
Ţ	2023	2022
	£	£
Purchase of assets	(32,467)	-

12. Independent review fees

During the year the Authority incurred external independent review fees of £2,242 (2022: £1,800).

13. Total rateable value

The total rateable value at the year-end was £78,831 (2022: £78,484) and rates were levied at 122p (2022: £120p) in the £.

In addition, refuse rates were levied at 67p (2022: 67p) in the £ on a rateable value of £77,696 (2022: £77,349). A fixed charge was levied at £48 (2022: £48) on the 509 rated properties (2022: 506 properties).